#### IDAHO TRANSPORTATION DEPARTMENT PO. Box 7129 Boise ID 83707-1129

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February 15, 2005

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Transportation Board	Mr. Stephen Moreno Division Administrator, Idaho Division			
Chairman	Federal Highway Administration			
	3050 Lakeharbor Lane, Suite 126			
John X. Combo Vice Chairman District 6	Boise, 10 83703-6217			
John McHugh District 1	Attention: Richard A. Scarr			
Bruce Sweeney District 2	RE: Project No. STX 9833(800), Milwaukee Street Railroad Crossing; Key No. 9142			
Monte McClure District 3	Dear Mr. Moreno:			
Gary Black				
District 3	Attached for FHWA approval is a Request for Experimentation: In-Roadway Flashing Light System at Rail-Highway Crossing on Milwaukee Street in Boise, Idaho.			
Neil Miller				
District 4	If there are any questions, please contact Joseph H. Peagkir at 334-8561.			
David Ekern, P.E. Director				

Sincerely,

Sue Huggins Board Secretary

Lance Johnson, P.E. Traffic and Highway Safety Engineer



# REQUEST FOR EXPERIMENTATION: IN-ROADWAY FLASHING LIGHT SYSTEM AT RAIL-HIGHWAY CROSSING

In cooperation with the Idaho Northern and Pacific Railroad Company and Ada County Highway District, the Idaho Transportation Department proposes to participate in a rail-highway crossing safety experimental project to determine if a psychological barrier created by illuminated red flashing in-roadway warning lights can result in a favorable behavioral change in motorists approaching a railroad crossing when a train is approaching.

## Statement of the Problem

Each year the Idaho Transportation Department compiles data concerning train-vehicle collisions at rail-highway grade crossings and publishes findings in its Idaho Rail-Highway Crash Bulletin.

The table below depicts train-vehicle collision data for 2000, 2001, 2002, 2003 and 2004:

 Year	Total	Killed	Injured
 2000	33	10	2
 2001	18	1	8
 2002	18	1	4
 2003	18	3	
 2004	24	4	12

The data collected indicates that most crashes are attributed to motorists' disregard of warning devices, inattentiveness or other vehicle code violations.

The site identified for this experimentation is the Milwaukee Ave, Boise, Idaho, Crossing Number 906394X. This nearly right angle crossing accommodates 5 lanes in the southbound direction and 2 lanes in the northbound direction. There are no gates, due to the width of the crossing. The crossing signal heads are mounted on an overhead structure. A high volume signalized intersection located just to the south of the crossing detracts from the crossing signals. Observations at this site indicate that vehicles park on the crossing/track almost every traffic signal cycle. During railroad preemption, the vehicles do not obey the railroad signal and keep crossing the tracks in front of the oncoming train. This crossing also averages one crash per year due to inattention.

The red in-roadway flashing warning lights should create a psychological deterrent to drivers at the grade crossing and will result in a reduction of train-vehicular conflicts. Also, the **installation** of a new experimental grade-crossing system acconunodates the installation of the Light Emitting Diodes (LED) lights in its edge beam. The edge beam of the "BODAN" system runs parallel to the track on both sides of the crossing. The `BODAN" system is manufactured by Transpo Industries, Inc.

The Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices (MUTCD) for Streets and Highways, 2003 Edition, Section 4L-01, provides only for In-Roadway Lights at pedestrian crossings. Adoption of the red In-Roadway Lights for railroad crossings would require a change to this section and possibly Section 10D.



#### Performance Measures Project Goal:

The goal of this safety experimental project is to enhance public safety at rail-highway grade crossings through implementation of innovative technology.

#### **Project Objective**

The first objective of this experiment is to determine any change in behavior among motorists approaching and passing over the crossing when the lights *are* activated.

## **Proposed Solution**

The In-Roadway Flashing Lights will activate upon actuation of the active grade crossing warning system and shall cease operation at the termination of the active grade crossing warning system.

The In-Roadway Flashing Lights will display a flashing red signal indication when activated. The flash rate for In-Roadway Flashing Lights shall be at least 50 but not more than 60 flash periods per minute. The flash rate shall not be between 5 and 30 flashes per second to avoid frequencies that might cause seizures.

When the In-Roadway Flashing Lights are installed on multiple lane roadways, the minimum number of lights installed on the travel lanes will be two times the number of lanes plus one. The lights should *be* installed in the center of each travel lane and at each edge of each travel lane.

The In-Roadway Flashing Lights will be installed 5 to 12 feet from the nearest rail at the crossing and for the full width of the roadway along both sides and parallel to the tracks.

# **Project Evaluation**

The crossing will be video taped for a minimum of eight (8) hours, both during daylight and darkness and at peak traffic volumes, before the installation, and edited to document driver behavior. Thirty days after the installation of the "BODAN" crossing system, the crossing will be video taped for another eight (8) hours, both during daylight and darkness and at peak traffic volumes, and edited to document driver behavior. Another two (2) hour video tape will be made in 6 to 8 months, 12 to 14 months, and 18 to 20 months after installation, both during daylight and darkness and at peak traffic volumes, and edited to document driver behavior.

# Reporting

The proposed study period will be eighteen (18) months. Four (4) reports will be prepared and submitted to the Federal Highway Administration (FHWA). The initial report will be prepared upon completion of the pre-installation video taping sequence. Post-installation reports will be prepared at six (6) months and twelve (12) months, due to the FHWA within three (3) months after the study periods. The final evaluation report will be completed and submitted to the FHWA within three (3) months of the end of the experimentation period. If the use of the In-Roadway Lights is found to be effective, the final report will include recommended changes to the MUTCD.

# **Site Restoration**

Each participating agency *agrees* to restore the experiment site to a state complying with the provisions of the MUTCD:

- within three (3) months following the end of the time period of the experiment, or
- at any time that a participating agency determines that significant hazards are directly or indirectly attributable to the experimentation, or

• if requested to do so by the Federal Highway Administration.

Restoration will include deactivation of the In-Roadway Flashing Lights.

If, as a result of experimentation, a request is made that the Manual be changed to include the red In-Roadway flashing lights at railroad crossing, then the experimental device may remain in place until an official rulemaking action has occurred.

## **BODAN(R)Rail Crossing from Transpo**



# **BODAM** Highway/Railroad Grade Crossing System

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Unlike other crossings, BODAN® does not rely on railroad ties for attachment or supportThe modular design allows for easy removal to perform routine *tract* Inspection and maintenance.

Since BODANO uses a bridge design concept, the vehicle axle loads are transferred directly to the bridge rails. Panel tests show they are capable of withstanding loads in excess of 44,000 lbs.

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Durable: Modular precast polymer concrete impervious to salt, diesel fuel and moisture

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Crossing Lights.pdf

Drawing.pdf

Accessible: No lag bolts needed, the modular panels bridge to the rails

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Strong: Steel reinforcements support HS 25 traffic The **BODAN®** system accommodates **curved** as loads **wei as** multiple track crossings, switches and sidewalks. The components may be custom- Safe: Lifetime sbd-resistant surface molded to match your site.



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Light Pattern: Bidirectional, Wide

Photometrics: From 5° to 80<sup>0</sup> in vertical plane; ± 65° in horizontal plane in each direction. Peak intensity 15 candelas.

Colors: RED AMBER GREEN CYAN BLUE 71

Electrical: LED power consumption 2.5-watts. Power inputs 120/240 volts AC; or low voltage operation AC/DC from 9-volts to 24-volts, polarity independent. Mechanical: Drive over, snow

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completely sealed
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and vibration
resistant,
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# **BODAN Polymer Concrete Panels**

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